

# Mass vs. Diameter - A new approach for analysing particle size and structure

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What is the meaning of the diameter for non-spherical particles?

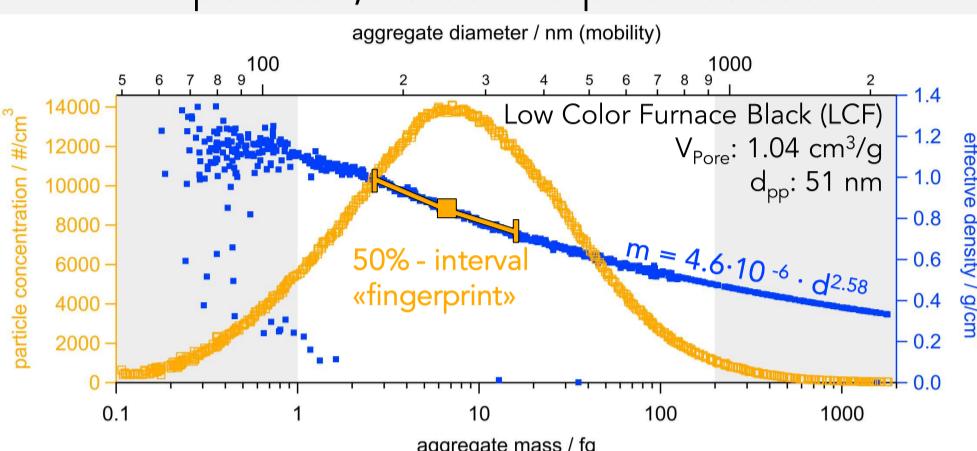
Nanoparticle – named after a length, but traded in €/kg, grams, big bags,

...



How many nanoparticles are in one gram of powder?

Analysis of particle mass and diameter  
→ structure of engineered nanomaterials.  
8-12 min per scan; 10-50 mio particles counted



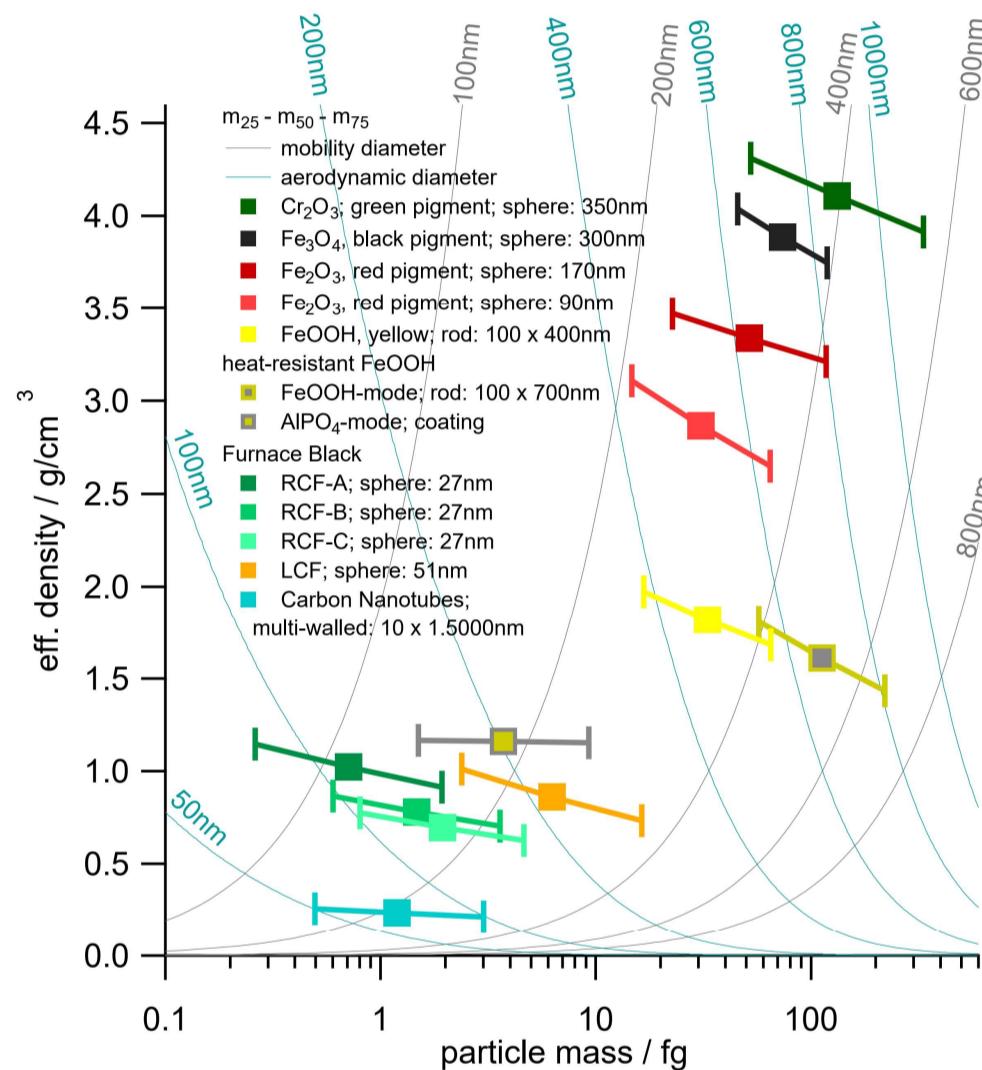
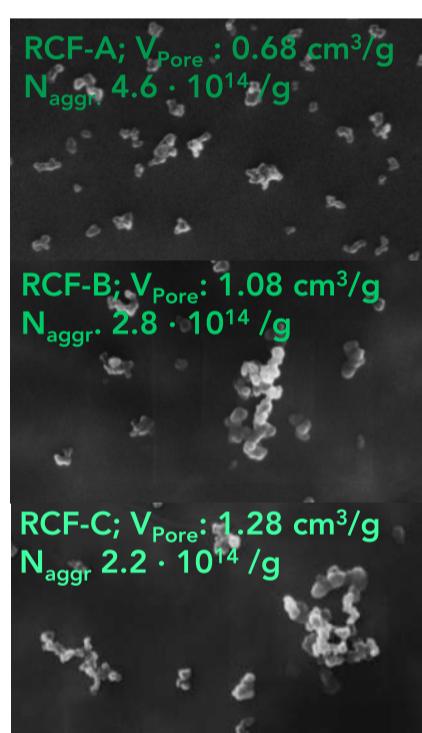
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## Carbon Black

Increase in aggregation level at constant PP-diameter of 27nm  
→ Increase in mass and size  
→ Decrease in density and aggregates/gram  
 $V_{\text{Pore}} \approx \text{oil number} \approx \text{density}^{-1}$

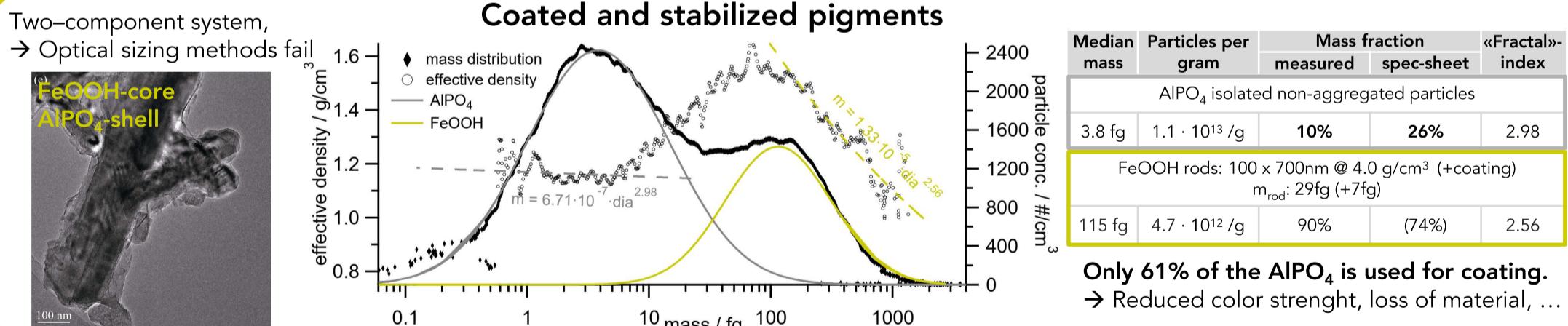
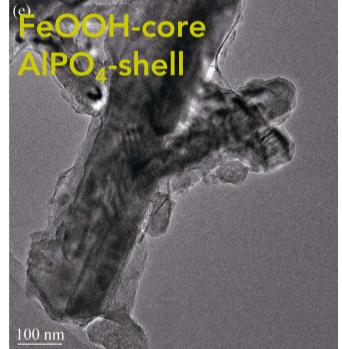


## Inorganic Pigments

What is the true particle size?  
Results from most sizing methods are affected by different refractive indices and structures

Median mass	Particles per gram	«Fractal»-index
Cr₂O₃ 350nm sphere @ 5.2 g/cm³ $m_{\text{sphere}}: 117 \text{ fg} \rightarrow \text{isolated spherical particles}$	$4.8 \cdot 10^{12} / \text{g}$	2.85
Fe₃O₄ - 300nm sphere @ 4.6 g/cm³ $m_{\text{sphere}}: 65 \text{ fg} \rightarrow \text{isolated spherical particles}$	$1.1 \cdot 10^{13} / \text{g}$	2.80
Fe₂O₃ - 170nm sphere @ 5.0 g/cm³ $m_{\text{sphere}}: 13 \text{ fg} \rightarrow \text{low aggregation level}$	$9.2 \cdot 10^{12} / \text{g}$	2.88
Fe₂O₃ - 90nm sphere @ 5.0 g/cm³ $m_{\text{sphere}}: 1.9 \text{ fg} \rightarrow \text{fractal-like aggregate}$	$1.8 \cdot 10^{13} / \text{g}$	2.72
FeOOH rods: 100 x 400nm @ 4.0 g/cm³ $m_{\text{rod}}: 16 \text{ fg}$	$9.5 \cdot 10^{12} / \text{g}$	2.70

Two-component system,  
→ Optical sizing methods fail



## 1. Sampling

### a) from reactor:

- dilution
- cooling
- drying

### b) powder

- dry-dispersion
- solvent-spray dispersion

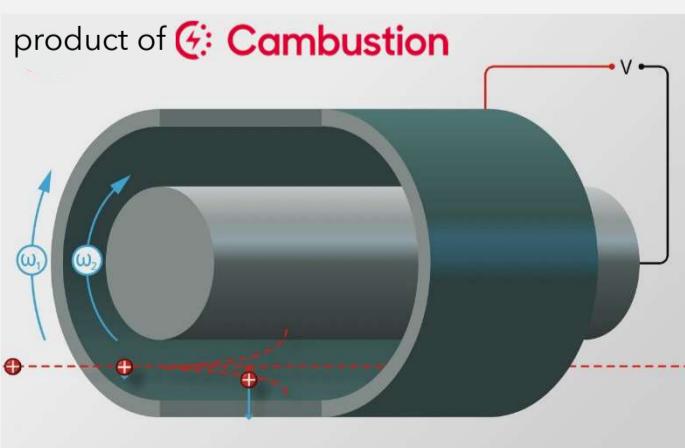
## 2. Deagglomeration

- ultrasound
- venturi-nozzles
- adjustable deagglomeration intensity
- shear: 100-500 N/m²
- force:  $5 \cdot 10^{-10} \text{ N} / \text{particle}$

↑ probing particle stability

## 3. Centrifugal particle mass analyzer

- selection by mass to charge ratio



## 4. Particle sizing

- mobility to size ratio

